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HealthSync: A Web-Based Smart Clinical Appointment and Lab Test Scheduling System

Soumili Das¹, Tathagata Roy Chowdhury²

¹Student, Department of CSE, Techno Institute of Engineering and Management, Banipur, India

²Asst. Professor., Department of CSE

Abstract-- The rapid growth of digital healthcare technologies has increased the demand for efficient and lightweight clinical management systems. Traditional appointment booking methods in hospitals and clinics often suffer from long waiting times, manual scheduling errors, inefficient record maintenance, and poor patient management. To address these challenges, this paper presents HealthSync: A Web-Based Smart Clinical Appointment and Lab Test Scheduling System, developed using Python, Streamlit, and SQLite. The proposed system provides an interactive and user-friendly platform for managing doctor information, consultation fees, patient appointments, laboratory tests, and time-slot scheduling. The application was implemented entirely in Visual Studio Code without requiring additional database servers or complex software installations, making it cost-effective and suitable for small healthcare centers and educational projects. SQLite database integration ensures lightweight and efficient data storage, while Streamlit offers rapid web application development with an intuitive graphical interface. The system successfully automates appointment scheduling and laboratory test management, reducing administrative workload and improving healthcare service efficiency. Experimental implementation demonstrates that the proposed platform is scalable, easy to use, and capable of simplifying healthcare operations in clinics and small hospitals. The project also highlights the practical application of modern Python-based frameworks in healthcare automation systems.

Keywords--Scheduling, Clinical Management System, Healthcare Automation, HealthSync, Lab Test Management, Python, SQLite, Streamlit, Time Slot Management, Web-Based Healthcare System

I. INTRODUCTION

The rapid advancement of digital healthcare technologies has significantly transformed the management of hospital and clinical services. Traditional healthcare appointment systems primarily depend on manual scheduling methods, paper-based records, and telephone communication, leading to appointment conflicts, longer patient waiting times, inefficient resource allocation, and increased administrative complexity. Modern healthcare institutions therefore require lightweight, cost-effective, and user-friendly digital systems capable of improving operational efficiency and patient satisfaction.

Recent studies have shown that intelligent appointment scheduling systems can considerably reduce waiting times while improving healthcare accessibility and workflow management.

Healthcare scheduling systems have become an active research area due to increasing outpatient demand and the complexity of clinical resource management. Several researchers have proposed optimization-based appointment scheduling models to improve physician utilization and reduce patient congestion. Recent healthcare platforms also integrate web-based technologies and conversational interfaces for improving patient interaction and appointment automation.

In response to these challenges, this paper presents HealthSync: A Web-Based Smart Clinical Appointment and Lab Test Scheduling System, developed using Python, Streamlit, and SQLite. The proposed system provides an efficient and lightweight healthcare management platform that enables doctor management, appointment booking, time-slot allocation, consultation fee handling, laboratory test scheduling, and appointment record maintenance. Unlike conventional hospital management systems requiring complex installations and dedicated database servers, the proposed application operates entirely using Streamlit and SQLite, making it suitable for educational institutions, small clinics, and healthcare centers with limited technical infrastructure.

The application was developed in Visual Studio Code using the Streamlit Framework and integrated with SQLite for lightweight database management. The proposed platform efficiently develops healthcare automation systems with minimal software dependencies while maintaining scalability, usability, and reliability. Additionally, recent research highlights the growing importance of data-driven and optimization-based scheduling methods in healthcare systems to improve operational performance and patient-centered care.

The primary objective of this project is to simplify healthcare appointment management while reducing manual workload and improving scheduling efficiency through an intuitive-to-use web-based platform.



II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Healthcare management systems have evolved significantly with the advancement of digital technologies and web-based applications. Traditional hospital appointment systems mainly relied on manual scheduling, paper-based records, and telephone communication, which often resulted in appointment conflicts, inefficient record maintenance, and increased patient waiting time. To overcome these challenges, researchers have proposed several online healthcare management platforms for improving scheduling efficiency and patient management.

Recent studies indicate that web-based appointment systems can enhance healthcare accessibility and reduce administrative workload. Many hospital management systems have integrated electronic appointment scheduling, doctor record management, and digital patient databases to improve operational efficiency. Cloud-based healthcare platforms and electronic health record systems have also gained popularity due to their scalability and accessibility. However, most existing systems require complex installations, dedicated servers, and expensive database management solutions, making them difficult to implement in small clinics and educational environments.

Several researchers have explored intelligent scheduling systems and optimization-based healthcare management approaches for minimizing patient waiting times and improving physician utilization. Online appointment booking systems developed using web technologies have shown positive results in enhancing patient satisfaction and reducing manual paperwork. Additionally, modern healthcare systems increasingly use lightweight frameworks and database solutions to simplify application deployment and maintenance.

Despite these developments, many existing healthcare management systems still face limitations such as high infrastructure cost, complicated user interfaces, limited accessibility, and dependency on large-scale backend systems. Simplified and cost-effective solutions, free from complex software dependencies, are often necessary for small healthcare centers and academic projects.

The proposed system, **HealthSync**, addresses these limitations by providing a lightweight web-based doctor appointment and lab test scheduling platform developed using Python, Streamlit, and SQLite. Unlike traditional hospital management systems, the proposed application operates without requiring external database servers or advanced deployment infrastructure. The system focuses on simplicity, usability, and efficient appointment management while maintaining digital healthcare record organization.

III. PROBLEM STATEMENT

Traditional healthcare appointment management systems are often inefficient due to their dependency on manual scheduling methods and paper-based documentation. In many clinics and small healthcare centers, appointments are still managed using handwritten registers or telephone communication, which increases the possibility of scheduling conflicts, data loss, and administrative errors. Due to the lack of systematic appointment management, patients often face prolonged waiting periods, resulting in overcrowding and inefficient healthcare service delivery.

Manual record management also creates difficulties in storing, updating, and retrieving patient and doctor information. Maintaining laboratory test records and consultation fee details through conventional methods becomes time-consuming and error-prone. Furthermore, many advanced hospital management systems available today require expensive infrastructure, dedicated servers, and complex software installations, making them unsuitable for small clinics and educational projects.

The absence of lightweight and user-friendly healthcare scheduling systems motivated the development of the proposed platform. The main problem addressed by this project is the lack of a simple, cost-effective, and web-based healthcare management system capable of efficiently handling doctor appointments, time-slot scheduling, consultation fee management, and laboratory test administration without requiring complicated software dependencies.

objectives of the system

- The primary objective of the proposed system is to develop a lightweight and efficient platform for managing healthcare appointments using Streamlit and SQLite. The specific objectives of the system are as follows:
- To develop a web-based system for scheduling doctor appointments.
- To manage doctor information and consultation fees digitally.
- To provide laboratory test management with pricing details.
- To reduce manual workload and paper-based record maintenance.
- To simplify appointment booking and time-slot selection.
- To maintain healthcare records using the SQLite database.
- To provide an easy-to-use and cost-effective healthcare solution.

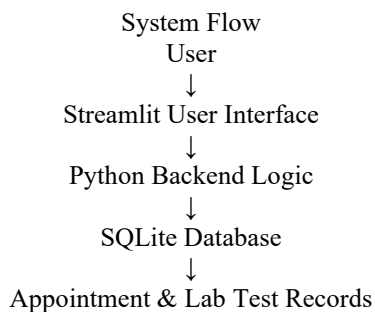
- To develop the complete application using Python and the Streamlit framework.

IV. PROPOSED SYSTEM / METHODOLOGY

The proposed system, HealthSync, is a web-based healthcare appointment and laboratory test scheduling platform developed using the Python programming language, the Streamlit framework, and the SQLite database. The system was designed to provide a simple and efficient solution for managing doctor appointments, consultation fees, laboratory tests, and patient scheduling activities.

The frontend interface of the application was developed using Streamlit, which provides an interactive graphical user interface for healthcare management. The backend logic was implemented in Python, while SQLite was used for lightweight database management and persistent data storage. The application contains multiple modules, including doctor management, appointment booking, lab test management, and appointment record viewing.

The appointment scheduling process begins when the user selects a doctor from the available doctor list and chooses a preferred time slot. The appointment information is then stored in the SQLite database. Similarly, the laboratory test module allows users to manage test names and pricing information digitally.



The proposed methodology focuses on simplicity, lightweight implementation, and efficient healthcare data management without requiring additional software installations or complex infrastructure.

V. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The architecture of the proposed system consists of four major components: user interface, application logic, database management, and data storage. The Streamlit framework provides the graphical user interface through which users interact with the system. Python handles backend operations such as appointment processing, doctor management, and database communication.

The SQLite database stores doctor records, appointment details, and laboratory test information.

The architecture was designed to maintain simplicity, rapid execution, and efficient record management. Since SQLite is integrated directly with Python, the system does not require external database servers or additional configuration.

The architecture ensures efficient interaction between the user interface and database while maintaining lightweight deployment and low system requirements.

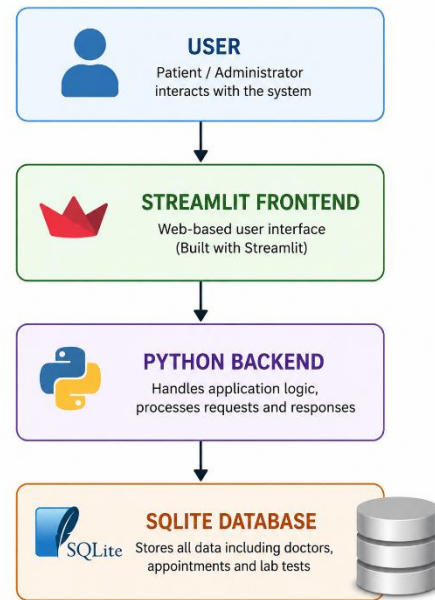


Fig. 1.1 System Architecture Design.

VI. RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

The proposed system was successfully implemented using Python, Streamlit, and an SQLite database in the Visual Studio Code environment. The developed application provides an interactive web-based platform for doctor appointment scheduling and laboratory test management. The system was tested with multiple doctor records, patient appointments, and laboratory test entries. The results demonstrate that the application efficiently manages healthcare scheduling activities while maintaining lightweight deployment and straightforward usability.

The implemented modules include doctor management, appointment booking, laboratory test management, and appointment viewing functionalities. The Streamlit framework provided a responsive and user-friendly interface, while the SQLite database ensured efficient data storage and retrieval.

A. Doctor Management Module:

The Doctor Management module allows administrators to add doctor details, including doctor name, specialization, and consultation fee. The entered data is stored in the SQLite database and can be used during appointment scheduling. This module simplifies doctor record management and reduces the manual documentation workload.



Fig. 1.2. Doctor Management Module

B. Laboratory Test Management Module:

The Laboratory Test Management module was developed to maintain laboratory test names and pricing information digitally. The module allows users to add multiple test records and display them using the Streamlit DataFrame component. The digital management of laboratory records improves accessibility and reduces manual paperwork.

Available Tests

	id	test_name	price
0	1	U.S.G	1000
1	2	X-RAY	500
2	3	BLOOD TEST	300
3	4	URINE TEST	600
4	5	TISSUE TEST	1500
5	6	GENETICS TEST	3000
6	7	LIPID PROFILE TEST	1799
7	8	COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT TEST	1299
8	9	CANCER/TUOMR MARKAR	3500
9	10	INFECTIOUS DISSEASE/STI	2399

Fig. 1.3. Laboratory Test Management Module

C. Appointment Booking Module:

The Appointment Booking module enables patients to select doctors and available appointment slots through an interactive web interface. The system stores appointment information in the SQLite database and displays successful booking confirmation messages. The module improves scheduling efficiency and simplifies patient appointment management.

Doctor Appointment System

Book Appointment

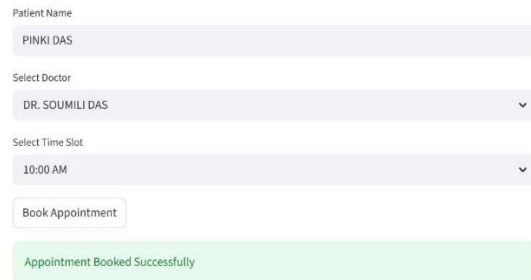


Fig. 1.4. Appointment Booking Module

D. Appointment Record Module:

The Appointment Record module displays all scheduled appointments stored in the database. The module helps administrators monitor patient bookings, doctor schedules, and appointment timing information efficiently. The use of digital record management improves healthcare organization and reduces scheduling confusion.

Appointments

	id	patient_name	doctor_name	slot
0	1	SOUMILI DAS	DR. YASHASHVI RAJPOOT	11:30 AM
1	2	PINKI DAS	DR. SOUMILI DAS	10:00 AM

Fig. 1.5. Appointment Record Module

VII. DISCUSSION

E. System Performance Discussion

The developed **HealthSync** system demonstrated efficient performance during experimental implementation and testing. The application was successfully developed using Python, Streamlit, and SQLite in the Visual Studio Code environment. The Streamlit framework provided a responsive and interactive graphical user interface, enabling smooth navigation between different healthcare management modules such as doctor management, appointment booking, laboratory test management, and appointment record viewing.



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The SQLite database efficiently handled data storage and retrieval operations without requiring external database servers or complex software installations. During implementation, the system successfully stored doctor records, consultation fees, patient appointment details, and laboratory test information with minimal response time. The lightweight database architecture reduced system complexity while maintaining reliable data management performance.

The appointment booking module effectively simplified healthcare scheduling activities by allowing patients to select doctors and available time slots through an interactive web interface. The generated appointment records were successfully displayed using Streamlit dataframe components, improving healthcare data accessibility and record organization. Similarly, the laboratory test module enabled efficient management of diagnostic test names and pricing information.

Experimental results indicated that the proposed system significantly reduced manual paperwork and administrative workload compared to traditional appointment management approaches. The digital healthcare management platform improved appointment scheduling efficiency, minimized record maintenance difficulties, and enhanced healthcare information accessibility.

The lightweight architecture of the proposed platform makes it highly suitable for small clinics, healthcare centers, and educational healthcare projects where low system requirements and simple deployment are essential. Additionally, the implementation results validated the effective use of Python and Streamlit for rapid healthcare application development, ensuring simplicity, usability, scalability, and cost-effectiveness.

VIII. CONCLUSION

This paper presented HealthSync: A Web-Based Smart Clinical Appointment and Lab Test Scheduling System, developed using the Python programming language, the Streamlit framework, and the SQLite database. The proposed system successfully demonstrated an efficient, lightweight, and user-friendly healthcare management platform capable of managing doctor records, patient appointments, consultation fees, laboratory test information, and appointment scheduling activities through an interactive web-based interface.

The developed application addressed several limitations associated with traditional healthcare appointment management systems, including manual scheduling complexity, paper-based record maintenance, appointment conflicts, and inefficient healthcare data organization.

By integrating Streamlit with SQLite database technology, the system provided a simplified healthcare automation platform that does not require external database servers or complicated software installations.

The implementation and experimental testing demonstrated that the system effectively performs healthcare scheduling operations while maintaining fast execution, low resource requirements, and efficient database management. The developed modules for doctor management, appointment booking, laboratory test administration, and appointment record viewing operated successfully during system evaluation. The use of Streamlit significantly improved user interaction and rapid web application deployment, while SQLite ensured lightweight and reliable data storage capabilities.

The proposed HealthSync platform is particularly suitable for small clinics, educational institutions, and healthcare centers with limited technical infrastructure due to its simplicity and low deployment complexity. In addition, the project demonstrated the practical application of modern Python-based web technologies in healthcare automation and digital record management systems.

Future improvements such as artificial intelligence-based doctor recommendation systems, cloud database integration, automated notifications, mobile healthcare applications, and advanced healthcare analytics can further enhance the efficiency and scalability of the proposed platform. Overall, the developed system successfully achieved its objectives of improving the efficiency of healthcare appointment scheduling, simplifying laboratory test management, and reducing administrative workload through an accessible and cost-effective digital healthcare solution.

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