



# Role of Artificial Intelligence in Personal Financial Planning

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**Abstract--** Artificial Intelligence (AI) has emerged as a significant technological advancement in the area of personal financial planning. Individuals today face increasing financial complexity related to budgeting, savings, investments, and retirement planning. AI-based financial tools assist users by analysing personal financial data, identifying spending patterns, and providing customized financial recommendations. These systems improve efficiency and accessibility while reducing dependence on traditional financial advisory services. However, AI also faces limitations such as lack of emotional intelligence, privacy concerns, and ethical challenges. This paper examines the applications, advantages, and limitations of AI in personal financial planning and emphasizes the importance of combining AI capabilities with human judgment to achieve effective financial decision-making.

**Keywords:** Artificial intelligence, personal financial planning, budgeting, investment planning, Robo-advisors.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Personal financial planning involves managing income, expenses, savings, investments, and future financial goals in an organized manner. It helps individuals achieve financial security and stability over time. Traditionally, personal financial planning relied on manual methods or professional financial advisors. While effective, these methods were often costly, time-consuming, and not accessible to all individuals (Greenwood, 2002).

With rapid advancements in technology, Artificial Intelligence has begun to play an important role in personal finance. AI-driven tools are now widely used in budgeting applications, investment platforms, and digital banking services. These tools can process large volumes of data quickly and provide personalized financial advice. As financial markets become more uncertain and complex, AI offers individuals a reliable way to improve financial decision-making (Beck & Libert, 2017).

## II. APPLICATIONS OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN PERSONAL FINANCIAL PLANNING

One of the most common applications of AI in personal finance is budgeting and expense management. AI-powered applications automatically record transactions and categorize expenses, helping individuals understand their spending behavior. This allows users to control unnecessary expenses and improve savings habits (Wong et al., 2013).

AI is also widely used in investment planning through robo-advisors. These systems recommend investment portfolios based on factors such as income, age, financial goals, and risk tolerance. They continuously monitor market conditions and rebalance portfolios to reduce risk and improve long-term returns (Bolton et al., 2018).

In addition, AI supports retirement planning by forecasting future financial needs and suggesting long-term investment strategies. AI tools also assist in debt management by tracking loan repayments, identifying high-interest liabilities, and advising users on effective repayment strategies. Credit score monitoring is another important area where AI helps individuals maintain financial discipline (Schuller & Schuller, 2018).

## III. ADVANTAGES OF AI IN PERSONAL FINANCIAL PLANNING

One of the major advantages of AI is personalization. AI systems provide financial advice tailored to individual financial behaviour rather than offering general recommendations. This makes financial planning more relevant and effective for users (Beck & Libert, 2017).

AI also improves efficiency by automating repetitive tasks such as data collection and financial analysis. This reduces human error and saves time. Furthermore, AI-based financial tools are cost-effective, making professional-quality financial guidance accessible to a larger population (Kingdon, 2012).

Another important benefit is continuous monitoring. AI systems operate in real time and alert users about unusual spending, low balances, or potential financial risks. Predictive analytics further help individuals plan future financial needs with greater confidence (Bolton et al., 2018).

## IV. LIMITATIONS AND CHALLENGES OF AI IN PERSONAL FINANCIAL PLANNING

Despite its advantages, AI has several limitations. A major limitation is the lack of emotional intelligence. Personal financial decisions often involve emotions, family responsibilities, and life events. AI systems cannot fully understand these human factors, which limits their effectiveness in complex financial situations (Schuller & Schuller, 2018).



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Data privacy and security are also serious concerns. AI-based financial systems require access to sensitive personal data, increasing the risk of cyber-attacks and data misuse. Weak security frameworks may expose individuals to financial fraud (Xiao et al., 2018).

Another challenge is algorithmic bias. AI systems rely on historical data, which may be incomplete or biased. This can result in inaccurate financial recommendations, especially for individuals with irregular income or unique financial conditions (Subramanian, 2017).

#### V. HUMAN-AI COLLABORATION IN PERSONAL FINANCIAL PLANNING

The most effective approach to personal financial planning involves collaboration between humans and AI. AI offers speed, analytical accuracy, and data-processing capabilities, while humans provide emotional understanding, ethical judgment, and contextual awareness (Baker & Ricciardi, 2014).

For instance, AI may suggest an optimal investment plan, but a human advisor can help determine whether the plan aligns with an individual's comfort level and long-term goals. This combined approach ensures balanced and realistic financial decision-making.

#### VI. FUTURE SCOPE OF AI IN PERSONAL FINANCIAL PLANNING

The use of AI in personal financial planning is expected to grow significantly in the future. Advances in machine learning and data analytics will further improve the accuracy of financial recommendations. Voice-based financial assistants and real-time financial coaching tools are likely to become more common.

However, strong regulatory frameworks and ethical guidelines will be necessary to ensure transparency, data security, and user trust (Subramanian, 2017).

#### VII. CONCLUSION

Artificial Intelligence has transformed personal financial planning by making it more efficient, personalized, and accessible. AI-based systems help individuals manage budgets, investments, savings, and long-term financial goals effectively. However, AI cannot replace human judgment in emotionally sensitive or complex situations. Therefore, a balanced approach combining AI-driven insights with human expertise is essential for successful personal financial planning.

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